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AGENDA FOR

PLANNING CONTROL COMMITTEE



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To: All Members of Planning Control Committee

Councillors: G McGill (Chair), N Boroda, J Harris, M Hayes, J Lancaster, D Quinn, C Tegolo, D Vernon,

C Boles, J Mason and K Thomas

Dear Member/Colleague

Planning Control Committee

You are invited to attend a meeting of the Planning Control Committee which will be held as follows:-

Date:	Tuesday, 26 April 2022
Place:	Learning Hub Room, Bury Town Hall
Time:	7.00 pm
Briefing Facilities:	If Opposition Members and Co-opted Members require briefing on any particular item on the Agenda, the appropriate Director/Senior Officer originating the related report should be contacted.
Notes:	

AGENDA

4 PLANNING APPLICATIONS (Pages 3 - 16)

Reports attached.

BURY COUNCIL DEPARTMENT FOR BUSINESS, GROWTH AND INFRASTRUCTURE PLANNING SERVICES

PLANNING CONTROL COMMITTEE

26 April 2022

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Item:01 223A Bury Old Road, Prestwich, Manchester, M25 1JE Application No. 67257

Retrospective change of use from 1st floor residential flat (C3 use) to tattoo/beauty business (Class E)

Additional Representations

Additional correspondence and recorded footage has been received from a nearby property. Points made include:

- The anti-social behaviour is encouraged by the large commercial bin placed on a residential street, close to a residential home. People use it to hide whilst urinating and vomiting. This is quite intimidating for a resident.
- The pattern of antisocial behaviours has been evidenced across the country, when commercial bins are inappropriately placed.
- The officer report says "The existing large yellow bin at the side of the property on Upper Wilton Street (see photo) is not used by either the tattoo or beauty parlour but the sandwich shop next door at no.223 Bury Old Road. As such any issues with this bin are not associated with this application and should not be used to refuse this application."
- I am unsure why Bury Council's planning department are misleading the planning committee into believing that 223a is a separate property to 223 Bury Old Road? Both are the same property, owned by Mr and Mrs Ambrose as on land registry documents.
- There are agreements within the land registry deeds in relation to use of the one business property: 'Not to use the property hereby conveyed for any purpose other than that of a confectioners shop, Cafe and Bakehouse without the previous consent in writing of the vendors' (point C2a). This agreement was ignored by Bury Council, when it allowed part of the 223 Bury Old business property to be used a tattoo parlour.
- In 2018 a planning application was made for the part of the 223 business property to be used as a tattoo parlour (application 61274). This application is within the 'related cases' tab of the planning application 67257 on the Bury planning portal, as it is the same tattoo business/ same business property. The planning application was agreed providing that the sandwich business part of the property would be able to move their bins through the back of the tattoo parlour, on bin collection days. This routine continued for several months after the planning application was agreed, and then stopped.
- There is now a large yellow Bury Council commercial bin permanently placed on the public pavement by a residential home. Today, as second large commercial BIFFA bin has appeared close to my home, on Upper Wilton Street.
- If there was room all along for the tattoo parlour 'Sword and Sparrow' to expand upstairs, they could have allowed the sandwich shop to use the back half of the tattoo parlour for bin exit/ access.
- Instead, another business is being crammed into the one business property. The
 owners of the business property are making maximum profit, by fitting as many
 businesses as possible into one business property. Meanwhile residents are
 paying the cost in terms of unacceptable negative impacts on safety, well-being
 and environment.
- I am not sure how/ why these agreements are being made between local businesses and Bury Council employees?
- I have repeatedly asked the question about the tenancy of the planning applicant.
 According to the application form, the applicant needs to be: "owner is a person Page 4"

with a freehold or leasehold interest with at least 7 years to run.' Has the tenancy agreement been checked of Lewis Tudor (the planning applicant and tenant of the tattoo parlour area) to ensure that it lasts for at least seven years?

- Has the applicant disclosed relations (i.e. father) who have previously been employees at Bury Council (as required in point 24 of the application form)?
- I am also confused about why this planning application was submitted in July 2021, and is only just being decided over nine months later?
- I am confused as to why residents were given a tight frame to respond (by mid December) and yet the applicant has been permitted until April 2022 to submit documents/ comments?
- I am confused as to why the 'Hush Healing' beauty parlour has been allowed to operate for over a year without business premises permission?
- I am unclear as to why Bury Council allowed the 'Sword and Sparrow' tattoo parlour to operate for over a year without business premises permission?
- I would also like a review of how the fourth space within the same business property (currently described as a residential flat) is actually being used?

I hope this application will be thoroughly considered in the context of the prior 2018 planning application for the same tattoo business/ business property (planning application 61274). Rather than the narrative being relayed by Bury Council, that this is an entirely separate planning application/ business/ business property (application 67257).

Response to objections

Antisocial Behaviour - This issue was extensively considered during the formal complaints process and subsequent Ombudsman complaint. The Ombudsman stated in their decision in 2020, "The ASB team reviewed the CCTV footage and diary sheets Ms B submitted. They properly explained that Mr and Mrs X could not be held responsible for the actions of members of the public. Officers also explained they would not be able to take action unless there was sufficient evidence that the behaviour was being repeated by the same individuals. In the absence of such evidence, no action could be taken because the perpetrators were unknown and did not appear to be repeat offenders. Officers have confirmed they will re-open the case if Ms B is able to provide further evidence." This remains available to the complainant.

Commercial Bin — This issue had also been extensively looked in to following formal a complaint and Ombudsman case relating to the siting/use of the commercial bin. This is commissioned to the Sandwich Shop and no other business. It is irrelevant who owns the building complex. Bin storage for the application site is contained within the premises yard area and the upstairs salon has access to the side door and to the bin storage area. The tattoo studio also have access to the enclosed yard area and also have their own clinical waste requirements again using the yard area.

The locating of a commercial bin on the highway has no relevance to this application and has been thoroughly considered in terms of obstruction and antisocial behaviour concerns.

The Ombudsman concluded "I am satisfied the Council has properly investigated Ms B's concerns that the commercial bin was causing nuisance and antisocial behaviour. The planning, highways, waste management and ASB teams have worked together to try to resolve the situation. I do not consider the Council could do any more without further evidence as explained by the ASB team. Ms B says the Council should remove the commercial bin and pagazing Mr and Mrs X to use smaller bins which are

easily movable from their storage yard or insist they make alterations to their property so the commercial bin can be stored in the yard. There is no requirement for the Council to do this. It is satisfied there has been no breach of planning permission so there are no grounds to take enforcement action. It is also satisfied the bin is not creating an obstruction to the highway so there are no grounds to require it to be removed."

<u>Biffa Bin</u> – This currently appears to have 221 Bury Old Road's address on the bin, which is nearer to the Metrolink and is not part of this application consideration. However, the Highway Authority have been made aware and will consider the issue as appropriate.

 $\underline{\text{NB}}$ - Notices can be served section 47 Environmental Protection Act 1990 concerning the placing of the waste receptacles for the purpose of facilitating the emptying of them and access to them.

<u>Property Constraints</u> - Covenants within deeds are private civil matters, which the business/land owner would need to address separately to the planning process.

<u>Consents/Approvals</u> - Each application and associated issue is considered on their own merits and with the governing body. Agreements reached are part of the day to day process of governance and on occasion may not please other people, there are complaints processes open and available to use if someone is aggrieved on an issue.

Ownership – The applicant has completed certificate B, which confirms that the applicant is not the owner. The applicant serves a notice upon the owner. Certification is completed and received on 'face value' and is only a matter of challenge when and if contrary evidence is provided. There are no issues in relation to the certification of the application or otherwise evidenced.

<u>Family connection</u> — There is no known connection to the Development Management Team or other close department to infringe the constitution. The objection states "previously been employees…" as such there is nothing to declare.

<u>Timeframes</u> – The application was submitted on 7/7/21 and was held invalid as information was lacking. The LPA took the decision as we state on our correspondence that we retain the right to process an application without information and will determine the application accordingly. Plans were submitted when required.

Neighbour notification periods are set out in legislation and are not locally determined. The minimum period of 21 days is protected where an application cannot be determined so that interested parties can make representations. Neighbour notification periods are set out in the main report and were undertaken 24/11/21. Representations can be received up to the point of decision (presently the April PCC meeting). This often means that interested parties have more than 21 days to respond. However, legislation provides a minimum protected period. That has been met and exceeded in this case.

<u>Lack of Planning permissions</u> - S73A permits applications to be made retrospectively. It is not unlawful to operate a business unless permission has been refused and/or formal enforcement action has been instigated. The expediency test applies in all Enforcement considerations and often, going through the planning process is a reasonable solution to this, where it is considered that there will be a need for planning controls.

Remaining Use – The additional premises described above the sandwich shop is irrelevant to this application. There is no reason to investigate the premises as far as this case is concerned.

Item:02 Land adjacent 2 Tanners Street, Ramsbottom, BL0 9ES Application No. 67553

Erection of one dwelling with associated garage, parking/manoeuvring space and garden curtlilage, to be accessed via Tanners Street

Add Condition

19 - Where the development hereby approved is to be carried out incorporating retianing structures, the details of such structures including their finish appearance shall be submitted to and approved by the Local planning Authority. The approved details only shall be implemented.

Reason - To ensure that the character of the conservation area is maintained pursuant to UDP Policy EN2/1 - Character of the Conservation Area.

Item:03 22 Cockey Moor Road, Radcliffe, Bury, BL8 2HB Application No. 68038 Erection of detached dwelling

Plans

Revised plans received to show the retention and repair of the existing front boundary wall and layout of the site.

Revised boundary plan details submitted to show a new boundary fence to the side and rear of the site only.

Conditions

Therefore, Condition 2 re-worded to include the amended plan numbers - This decision relates to revised drawings numbered PS-2172-TS/00, RAD/2289/20/5C, RAD/2289/20/6/A, RAD/2289/20/7A, RAD/2289/20/8/B and swept path plans 274-21-1 to 5. The development shall not be carried out except in accordance with the drawings hereby approved.

Reason. For the avoidance of doubt and to ensure a satisfactory standard of design pursuant to the policies of the Bury Unitary Development Plan listed.

Condition 8 deleted as there is now no requirement to submit details for boundary treatment and condition 12 (now condition 11) re-worded as follows -

The development hereby approved shall not be first occupied unless and until the car parking, driveway and boundary wall alterations and bin storage arrangements indicated on approved plan reference RAD/2289/20/8 Revision B, incorporating a hardstanding in a permeable/porous material and/or measures to prevent the discharge of surface water onto the adopted highway, demarcation of the limits of the adopted highway and all associated footway remedial works required to reinstate the footway to its former condition prior to commencement of the development, have been implemented in full to an agreed specification and to the written satisfaction of the Local Planning Authority.

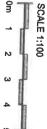
Reason. To ensure good highway design, ensure the intervisibility of the users of the

site and the adjacent highways and maintain the integrity of the adopted highway' in the interests of highway safety pursuant to UDP Policy H2/3 Extensions and Alterations.

Conditions re-numbered.

Item 02







PLANNING

JAN 2020 WNH

CODE CODE TYPE A NUMBER E 01 1:100 I

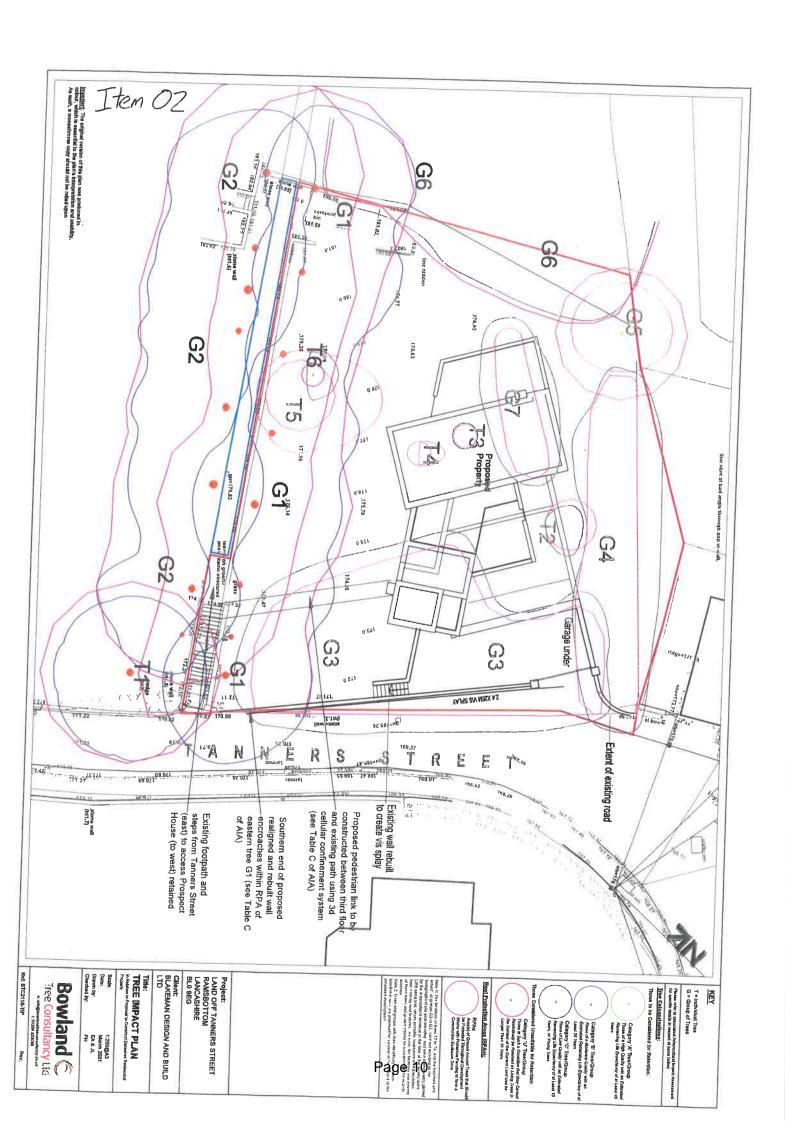
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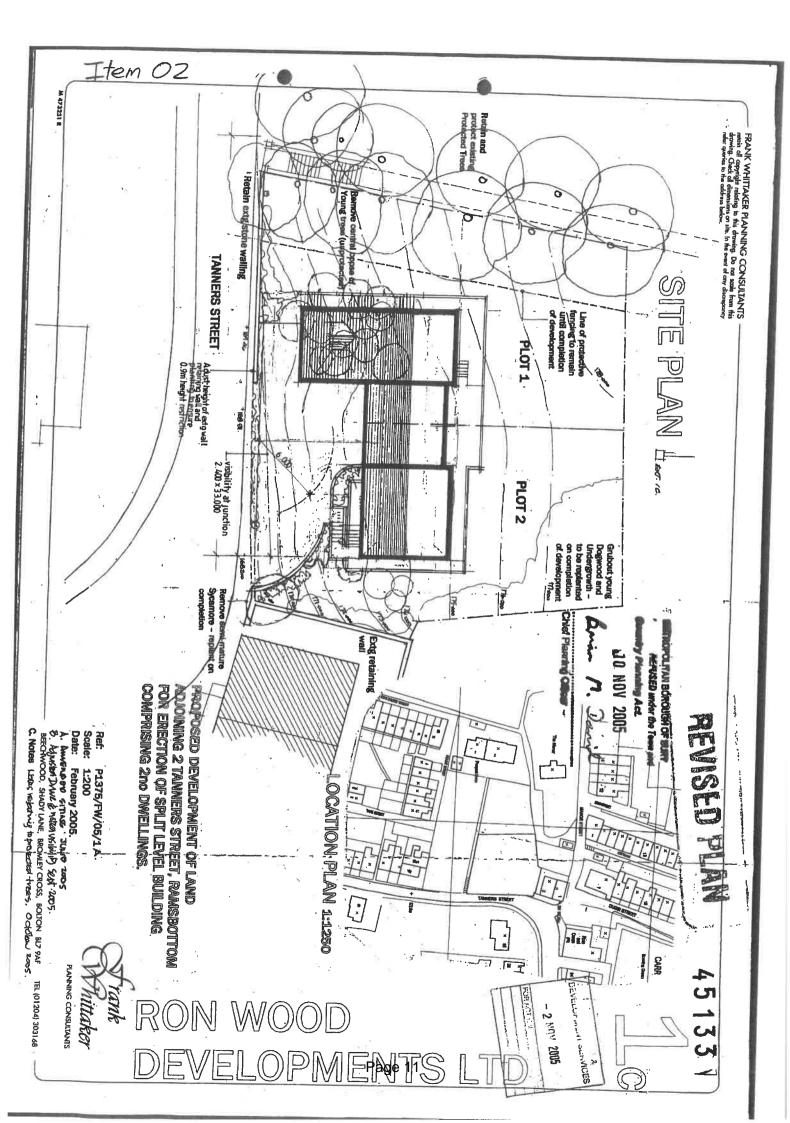
REV H 18.02.22 UPDATED AS COMMENTED BY BARY MBC.
REV G 07.12.20 GENERAL UPDATE

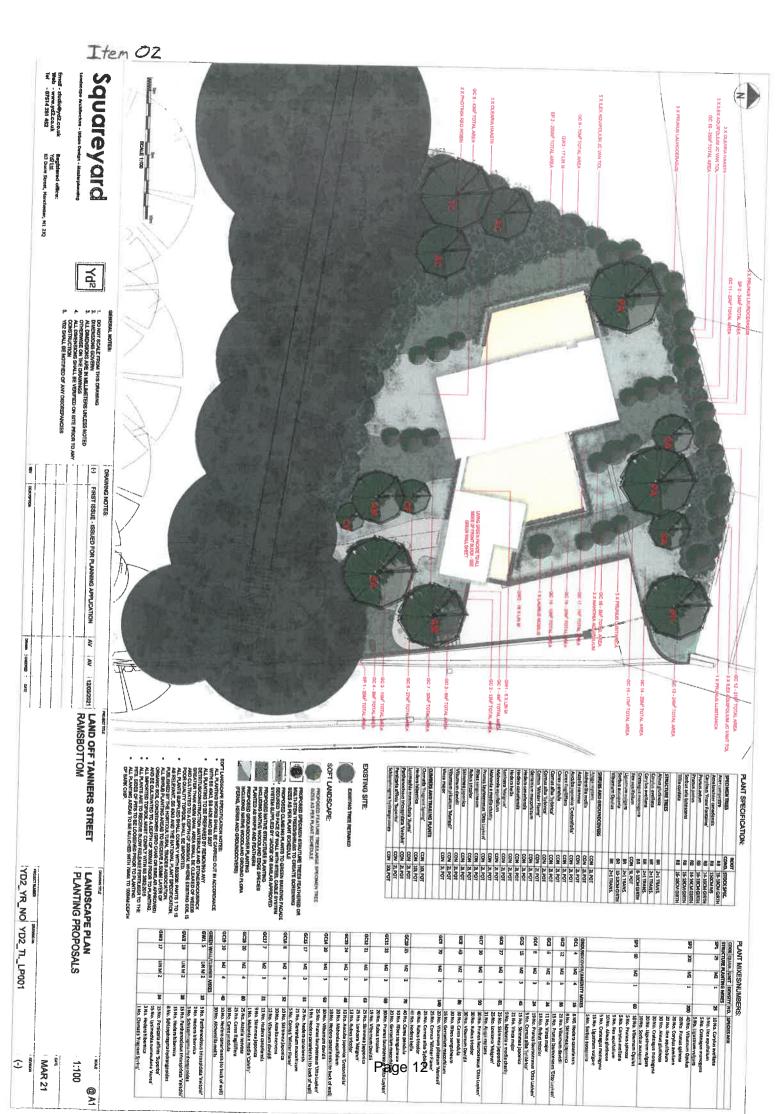
REV F 08.12.20 FLANNING STATUS

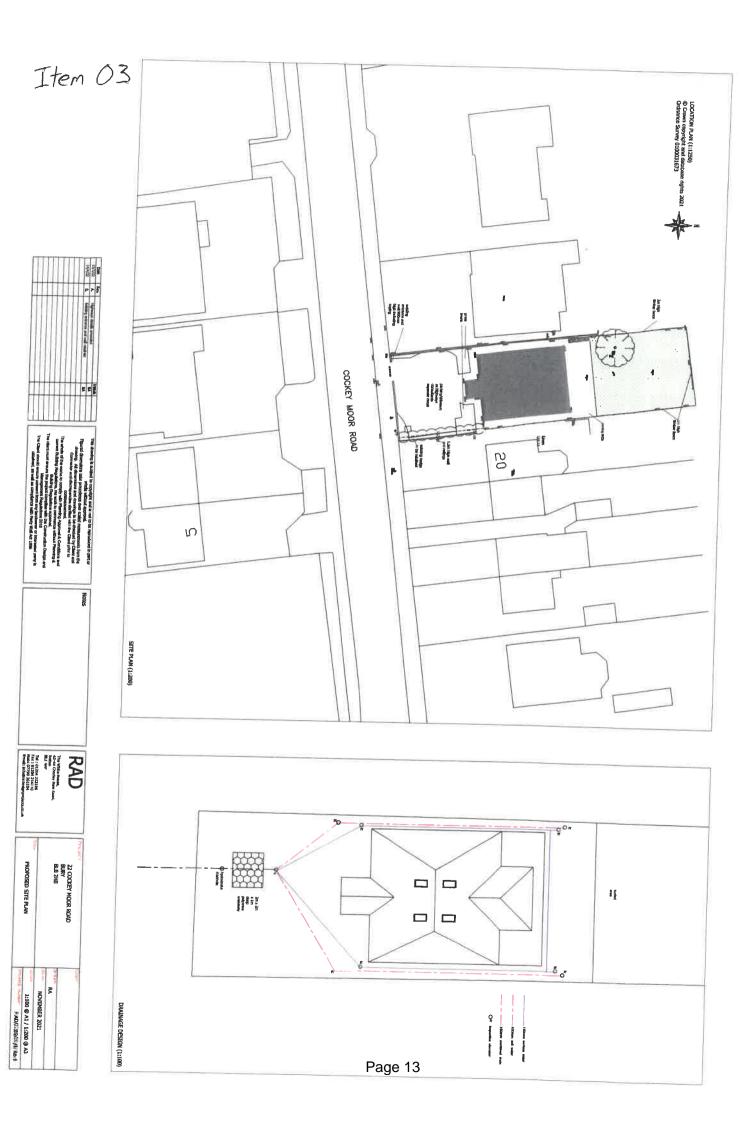
REV E 18.11.20 FLANNING STATUS

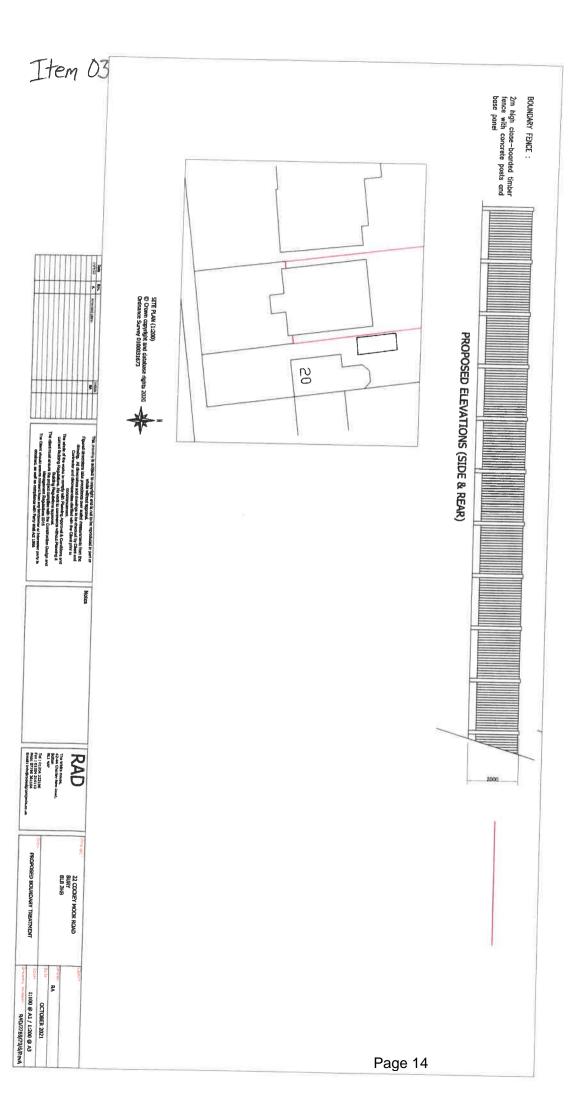
REV D 20.007.20 UPDATED GROUND FLOOR LED. BLAKEMAN DESIGN & BUILD 8. ANTHRACITE INSULATED GARAGE DOOR REV B.18.03.20 UPDATED TO CLIENT AND LPAS COMMENTS REV A.08.01.20 TREES ADDED 9. TIMBER CLOSED BOARDED METAL FRAMED SLIDING GATE STAINED MEDIUM OAK REV C 21,04,20 UPDATED TO HIGHWAYS ENGS COMMENTS 5. GREEN WALL (SUSTAINABLE LIVING WALL SYSTEM) 3. DOUBLE GLAZING ANTHRACITE UPVC WINDOWS & DOORS A-DARK GREY GLAZING ON SECOND FLOOR B-LIGHT GREY GLAZING ON OTHER FLOORS 2. CHARCOAL GREY FACING BRICK 1. STONE WALL WITH ARSTONE DETAILS SP AS











Costs Decision

Site visit made on 22 February 2022

by F Rafiq BSc (Hons) MCD MRTPI

an Inspector appointed by the Secretary of State for Communities and Local Government Decision date: 18 March 2022

Costs application in relation to Appeal Ref: APP/T4210/W/21/3283822 5 Holmfield Avenue, Prestwich M25 0BH

- The application is made under the Town and Country Planning Act 1990, sections 78, 322 and Schedule 6, and the Local Government Act 1972, section 250(5).
- The application is made by Mr & Mrs Rose for a full award of costs against Bury Metropolitan Borough Council.
- The appeal was against the refusal of planning permission for the demolition of the existing dwelling and erection of a new detached single dwelling house.

Decision

1. The application for an award of costs is refused.

Reasons

- Planning Practice Guidance (PPG) advises that costs may be awarded where a
 party has behaved unreasonably, and the unreasonable behaviour has caused
 another party to incur unnecessary or wasted expense in the appeal process.
 The type of behaviour that can lead to a costs award includes substantive
 matters such as unreasonably refusing a planning application.
- 3. The applicant has set out that the development was in clear accordance with referenced planning policies and the refusal of the application failed to give weight to the fallback position. I have however found in the accompanying appeal decision that the development would be harmful to the character and appearance of the area. Although in considering the previously approved scheme, I have found in the applicant's favour, in that the proposal would result in no greater harm to the character and appearance of the area than the fallback scheme, the weight to be attributed to this consideration is a matter for the decision-maker.
- 4. It is evident from the Council's Delegated Report and the subsequent Appeal Statement that regard was had to the previous approval to extend the dwelling. I am therefore satisfied that the Council gave sufficient consideration to the fallback position and accordingly, I do not find that it has acted unreasonably in this regard.

Conclusion

5. With the above in mind, I therefore find that unreasonable behaviour resulting in unnecessary or wasted expense, as described in the Planning Practice Guidance, has not been demonstrated. An award of costs is therefore not justified in this instance.

F Rafiq INSPECTOR

